

# FORMAL DECLARATION OF WAR UPON JAPAN VOTED MONDAY

## Senate Unanimous For Declaration While One House Vote Opposed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—(P)—Congress voted a formal declaration of war against Japan today after President Roosevelt requested immediate action as an answer to Japan's "unprovoked and dastardly attack" on Hawaii.

A united congress acted swiftly after the President had revealed that American forces lost two warships and 3,000 dead and wounded in the surprise dawn attack yesterday.

The senate vote was 82 to 0.

As a matter of fact the Army and Navy had been fighting since a few moments after the surprise attack yesterday and the nation generally had taken on a war-time tempo.

The White House released the first official information on the scope of American losses at Pearl Harbor shortly before President Roosevelt went to the capitol.

An evidence of the fast-moving protective measures was seen in Attorney General Biddle's announcement that 736 Japanese aliens had been arrested during the night in the United States and Hawaii.

### One Vote Against in House

Troops had assumed guard posts throughout the nation at defense industries, key buildings, strategic bridges and public utilities.

The house vote was 388 to 1. Miss Jeannette Rankin (R-Mont) who voted against a declaration of war with Germany in 1917, was the lone member casting a negative vote. Rep. Harold Knutson (R-Minn) who also voted against the 1917 declaration, voted for war against Japan.

As congress was acting, Japan claimed she had won naval supremacy over the United States in the Pacific. The Japanese claimed in reports broadcast by the official radio in Tokyo that they had destroyed two American carriers and one aircraft carrier and had damaged four other battleships and six cruisers.

A DNB news dispatch from Tokyo said a United States transport had been sunk with loss of 350 men near Manila.

No Mention of Germany.

In his epochal message to congress President Roosevelt made no mention of Italy and Germany as he asked for war against Japan.

The White House said that the surprise dawn attack of the Japanese yesterday resulted in the capture of an old battleship, the destruction of a destroyer, damage to other vessels and a destruction of a relatively large number of planes.

Both branches had just cheered the echo President Roosevelt's appeal for the declaration.

"I ask," the Chief Executive told a joint session, "that the Congress declare that since the unprovoked and dastardly attack by Japan on Sunday, December 7th, a state of war exists between the United States and the Japanese Empire."

The President said that yesterday was "a date which will live in infamy."

Senate Act Quickly.

Within 20 minutes after he finished the senate had acted.

The momentous doings at the Capitol followed a White House

See GENERAL WAR, Page 5

## WAR BULLETINS

MANILA, Dec. 8.—(P)—The Japanese radio at Taihoku, Formosa, reported in a broadcast today that Japanese warships have surrounded Guam and said all big buildings on the island were ablaze.

Pan American Airways reported that Japanese bombers "smashed" Wake Island, and that only garbled radio signals were being received from the airways' station at Hongkong.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—(P)—Exchange Telegraph reported today that the Egyptian government has decided to break off diplomatic relations with Japan.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—(P)—Radio messages heard here at 2:10 p.m., EST, today, indicated that an air raid was in progress over Manila.

BERLIN, Dec. 8.—(P)—A DNB dispatch tonight from Tokyo, quoting a report in the Japanese newspaper Yomiuri from Saigon, French Indo-China, said a United States transport had been sunk with a loss of 350 men in waters around Manila.

TOKYO, Dec. 8.—(P)—Army and navy sections of the Imperial Headquarters announced today that 50 or 60 American planes were shot down in air combats over Clark Field, in the Philippines and 40 more over Iba, 80

See WAR BULLETIN, Page 3

### UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN JOINED IN WAR AGAINST JAPAN

#### WHITE HOUSE STATEMENT ADMITS HEAVY DAMAGE BY JAP SURPRISE ATTACK

By The Associated Press  
The congress of the United States declared war today against Japan, which was already smashing by air and sea against American outpost in the Pacific.

Great Britain also formally declared war against Japan today as Imperial Tokyo headquarters claimed smashing naval and air victories over the United States and mighty forces of the U. S. fleet were reported combing the Pacific to seek battle with Japanese warships.

In Washington, President Roosevelt asked a united congress to declare war against Japan as a result of Japan's "dastardly and unprovoked attack" yesterday.

"As commander in chief of the Army and Navy, I have directed that all measures be taken for our defense... We will not only defend ourselves to the uttermost but will make very certain that this form of treachery shall never endanger us again," the Chief Executive declared solemnly.

Mr. Roosevelt made no mention of Germany or Italy, but previously Speaker Rayburn had told newsmen that "it as has been disclosed around, Germany and Italy have declared war on us, we will recognize that in the same resolution" declaring war on Japan.

Great Britain had already formally declared war against the Tokyo government, and mighty forces of the U. S. fleet were reported combing the waters of the Pacific to seek battle with Japanese warships.

Two British Cruisers Sunk.

Japanese planes inflicted an American naval craft, the German news agency DNB said in a dispatch from Tokyo. Japanese planes also sank two British cruisers in attacks on Britain's great fortress at Singapore.

A White House statement acknowledging serious damage to American forces in Hawaii, but

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### TEXAS TAKES UP JAP CHALLENGE AND WILL BACK NATION'S FIGHT

#### LONE STAR STATE HAS THE GREATEST NUMBER OF MEN IN TRAINING FOR WAR

By The Associated Press.

Texas, historic home of fighting men, today swung with America into the fight against aggressor Japan.

Already the Lone Star state has taken the lead in defense preparation with the highest percentage of volunteers in the armed forces, greatest number of men in training and the largest and most numerous defense establishments in the nation.

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See GENERAL WAR, Page 5

### Philippines Are Attacked By Jap Bombers Monday

By R. P. CRONIN, Jr.

MANILA, Dec. 8.—(P)—Japanese bombers struck at military bases and ports the length of the Philippines today, smashing at the big Fort Stotenburg, Clark Field, the summer mountain capital of Baguio, and the only garrisoned radio signals were being received from the airways' station at Hongkong.

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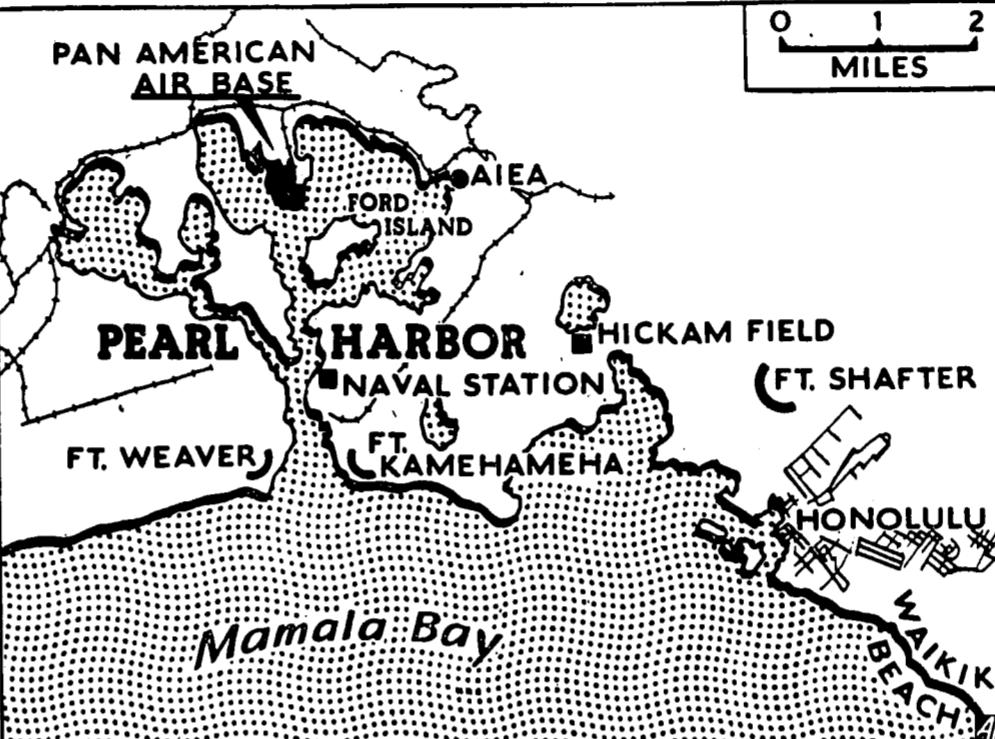
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See EUROPEAN WAR, Page 3

### WHERE WAR BROKE OUT



Upper—A closeup of the area around Pearl Harbor on the Island of Oahu, showing relative location of the city of Honolulu, Hickam Field and harbor area—where Japanese air attacks caused heavy damage in outbreak of hostilities. Lower—Units of the U. S. fleet are seen based at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

### ATTACK OF JAPAN BRINGS WORLD WAR NUMBER TWO INTO REALITY; NOW FIGHT TO FINISH IN SIGHT

By DeWITT MACKENZIE  
Wide World War Analyst

As I was making my way to the office in the early morning hours today my friend, the mild-mannered young policeman on duty, informed me in no uncertain tones that he was damned-well going to join up to fight the Japs—and so, to take it, speaks the language of all America.

We no longer have to hunt a name for the conflict which was just over two years ago—it's the second World War at last.

All the great powers now are officially involved, and most of the smaller nations are.

It may be that the Japanese have done this thing on their own initiative, but ipso facto they come under the overlordship of the German führer as part of his fighting machine. The lines are clearly drawn. It's a world-wide battle to a finish between the axis and the allies, and the United States is one of the allies.

The Japanese adventure looks like a very desperate gamble for a nation which not only is poorly equipped but is absolutely isolated from its axis partners.

It is too early to estimate the exact nature of the war which we have on our hands. Much will depend on whether Russia comes in against her old enemy promptly. The Reds have marvelous opportunity right now to unleash some terrific air-raid against Japan with their vast air fleet which is only 600 miles away.

An assault with incendiary bombs against the flimsily built cities of the island empire likely would be devastating. Japan has lived in terror of this for years, and now is Russia's chance. It

### PREPARATIONS BEING MADE CITY, COUNTY TO MEET EMERGENCY

#### PLANTS WITH DEFENSE CONTRACTS ARE TAKING SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Corsicana and Navarro County went grimly about its preparations for war against Japan and allied nations in a comparatively calm manner Monday, and apparently the surprise of the unexpected but not unanticipated conflict had worn off overnight and only indignation and determination to see the job through remained.

There is another danger spot, and that's the Middle East. The Japanese threat to Burma is calculated to force the British to defend it with troops withdrawn from the Middle East. That might well be while big fleets of the American and British navies are engaged in the Far East and the defense of England has thus been weakened. The weather now over the channel is bad, but four months will bring us to the spring again.

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For a number of homes the events of the week-end caused grave anxiety because members of the families were on duty in the danger zones, and accurate information was scant. There was also some conjecture as to the future status of more than 500 residents of the county who are now in military service in the United States.

As soon as the news of the conflict became known Sunday afternoon several Corsicana firms including the American Well and Prospecting Company, Old City Iron Works and others began taking the necessary steps to prevent any possible sabotage. These firms are engaged directly or indirectly on defense contracts.

Additional Guards.

In some instances new flood lights were being installed and in others lights already in place were put into use. Additional guards and watchmen were summoned to duty, and visiting regulations were tightened.

At the primary training school of

See CITY-COUNTY, Page 3



### Quick Action Follows Presidential Request For Congress Action

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—(P)—President Roosevelt signed the declaration of war against Japan at 4:10 p.m. Eastern Standard Time today, formally setting the nation to its task of achieving what he called "inevitable triumph."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—(P)—The United States, through its congress, declared war today on Japan.

The senate vote of 82 to 0 and the house vote of 388 to 1 told their own story of unity in the face of common danger. The speed with which the two chambers granted President Roosevelt's request for a declaration was unprecedented.

The single adverse house vote was that of Miss Jeannette Rankin, Republican congresswoman from Montana, who was among the few who voted against the 1917 declaration of war on Germany.

The officially-announced loss of two warships and 3,000 men dead and wounded in Japan's raid on Hawaii was fresh in the minds of the legislators.

The senate and house had assembled together to hear President Roosevelt ask the declaration. They cheered him enthusiastically and then pushed the resolution through with not a moment's waste of time.

Some expressed belief, however, that there would be opposition to including Germany and Italy in a war resolution at this time but they agreed it would be done by a substantial majority if the President requested it.

Earlier, Chairman Connally (D-Tex) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee announced he was drafting one war resolution and Speaker Rayburn said that Majority Leader McCormick (D-Mass) would offer one in the house identical with that adopted in 1917, except as to the countries named.

The text of Connally's resolution:

"Declaring that a state of war exists between the Imperial Japanese government and the government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same."

"Whereas, the Imperial Japanese government, which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the Japanese government; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged."

Therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled,

"That the state of war between the United States and the Imperial Japanese government, which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the Japanese government; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged."

Washington, Dec. 8.—(P)—President Roosevelt asked congress today to declare war against Japan. The officially-announced loss of two warships and 3,000 men dead and wounded in Japan's raid on Hawaii was fresh in the minds of the legislators.

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Immediately after the roll call was finished, the house was notified of the senate's passage of the resolution and Majority Leader McCormick, of Massachusetts, moved to vacate the house proceedings on its own resolution and thus completing congressional action on the issue.

Now the resolution goes to the White House for the president's signature, following those of Speaker Rayburn and Vice President Wallace.

"I ask," the chief executive declared, "that the congress declare that since the unprovoked and dastardly attack by Japan on Sunday, Dec. 7, a state of war has existed between the United States and the Japanese empire."

The president said that yesterday was "a date which will live in infamy."

He recited the events since Japan's assault on America's Pacific bastions and said he had "directed that all measures be taken for our defense."

"Hostilities exist," Mr. Roosevelt asserted. "There is no blinking at the fact that our people, our territory and our interests are in grave danger."

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## INTERNATIONAL

(Continued From Page One)  
considerably less than the naval losses which the Japanese claim they had inflicted.

Casualties from yesterday's attack were expected to mount to 1,000, it said.

The White House said Japanese attacks had resulted in the capsizing of an old battleship—whereas the Japanese claimed two battleships had been sunk—and reported the loss of a destroyer, damage to other vessels and the destruction of a relatively large number of planes.

The White House said several Japanese submarines and planes had been accounted for and that active resistance was still continuing against the Japanese attacking force in the vicinity of Hawaii.

Reinforcements of planes were being rushed to the islands, the White House said.

Oklahoma and West Virginia.

Meanwhile, Tokyo newspapers carrying unofficial identification of the two U. S. battleships purportedly sunk and they were the 26,000-ton Oklahoma, built in 1914, and the 31,800-ton West Virginia. A Domel broadcast asserted that 60 per cent of the United States' entire naval power was stationed in the American waters prior to the attack and that the surviving units "would be regarded as utterly inadequate to accomplish any successful outcome in an encounter with the still far intact Japanese fleet."

The White House said an old American battleship turned over in Pearl Harbor and at one destroyer was "blown up."

Bombers flown from San Francisco were said to have arrived in Hawaii while the battle was raging.

In the Far East, a British communique said Japanese air raiders killed 63 persons and wounded 133 in a violent assault on Singapore, Britain's "Gibraltar of the Orient" but that Japanese troops were being "mopped up" in an attempted land invasion of Malaya from the north.

Commons Cheers.

In London, the House of Commons cheered tumultuously as Prime Minister Winston Churchill, fulfilling his pledge of a month ago, invoked war against the Tokyo government, made allies of Thailand and Free China, and declared:

"Every preparation in our power has been made and we shall give a good account of ourselves. We are in the closest accord with the powerful American naval and air forces and with the strong, efficient forces of the Netherlands East Indies."

Some observers believed it was possible that American warships had already met Japanese naval forces in battle somewhere between Hawaii and the Philippines.

One or more Japanese aircraft carriers, presumably, reported by strong naval formations, were reported to have engaged in the opening attack against Honolulu, and it seemed a fair conjecture that U. S. dreadnaughts were in hard pursuit or actual contact with the invaders.

While Japanese parachute troops were reported landing in the Philippines, Tokyo headquarters declared that two U. S. battleships had been sunk, four other damaged, two destroyers sunk and six heavy cruisers hit in the attack on

Simultaneously, Australia decided to declare war as Japanese forces attacked the tiny British-managed island of Nauru.

An Italian broadcast quoted Donel as listing the 35,100-ton U. S. S. Pennsylvania and the Oklahoma as the American battleships sunk. Two United States de-

stroyers and two oil tankers were also reported lost.

Japanese headquarters said a United States aircraft carrier had been sunk by a submarine off Honolulu and that many merchant ships had been captured in the Pacific.

The Tokyo announcement asserted that there were no Japanese losses in striking the heavy blows against the United States fleet at Honolulu.

White Americans waited for some word from Washington of United States counter-blows, the Japanese reported that fifty or sixty U. S. planes had been shot down in air combats over Clark Field, in the Philippines, and another forty over Iba, eighty miles north of Manila.

Only two Japanese planes were acknowledged lost.

The Japanese also announced an agreement between Japan and Thailand for transit of Japanese troops through Thailand—presumably for an attack on British Malaya, site of Britain's Far East fortress of Singapore, or British Burma. Both adjoin Thailand.

Japanese troops were reported to have landed at two points on the Gulf of Siam, far down the Thai coast near Malaya.

Japan Warcraft Put to Flight.

An official British announcement at Singapore said Japanese warcraft which landed troops at two places in British Malaya, near the Thailand frontier, had been put to flight.

Japanese forces still remaining on the beach were being heavily machine-gunned by the British said.

Domel, Japanese news agency, was quoted as saying that Japanese and British troops already were fighting in Thailand.

In Manila, Admiral Thomas C. Hart, commander of the U. S. Asiatic fleet, announced that a small contingent of American marines at Peiping, China, had been forced to surrender to overwhelming Japanese forces.

An NBC broadcast said the U. S. aircraft carrier Langley was reported unofficially in Manila to have been damaged in action with Japanese warplanes.

A CBS broadcast reported at least 200 casualties inflicted by high-flying Japanese planes in two attacks on the Philippines.

Manila itself apparently had escaped attack thus far.

Philippines Bombed.

A U. S. army bulletin said thirty Japanese bombers attacked Davao on Mindanao Island and bombed Baguio, the summer-time capital of the Philippines. One Japanese plane was reported shot down in Davao Bay.

Francis B. Sayre, American high commissioner in the Philippines, declared that the situation was "in hand."

A WOR broadcast from Manila, reporting that Japanese parachute troops had landed on the islands, said native Japanese had assumed control of some communities but that in other sections Filipino police were rounding up the empire's nationals.

In the naval war, the ABCD (American, British, Chinese and Dutch East Indies) fleets under American command appeared to be successful against Japan air and sea invasions," the broadcast said.

Other reports said it had been confirmed that the Pan American Airways base at Guam had been attacked by Japanese air raiders and large fires had been set in gasoline stores.

A Reuters (British news agency) dispatch quoted British communique from Singapore declaring that it is reported but not confirmed that mustard gas had been dropped in Japanese attacks on Malaya.

In Washington, a steady con-

fusion was apparent after early rapid-fire reports, mostly adverse, told of heavy losses.

Navy Hit Hard.

A White House statement indicated that the navy had taken hard knocks, but it was reported that the ships of the fleet were now steaming out from the battered base to do battle.

From Hawaii to the Philippines, it was reported, Uncle Sam's fighting men were striking back at the Japanese on sea land and air.

In London, the home office, declaring "the existence of a state of war" between Japan and Britain, ordered all Japanese nationals in the United Kingdom to report to police station.

Police immediately began a roundup of Japanese. Among the first seized were representatives of Domel, Japanese news agency.

Dispatches from Hongkong, British crown colony in the Far East, said between 300 and 400 Japanese troops were poised on the high side of the frontier, evidently ready to attack. British troops manned their battle posts.

Casualties from Japanese air raids on Singapore island outside

## CITY-COUNTY

(Continued From Page One)

Air Activities of Texan special precautions were taken Sunday night and permanent arrangements were made to forestall any possibility of sabotage, under the direction of Major O. E. Ford, Jr.

Acting on instructions from the War Department, Capt. William H. Leach, public relations officer of the Air Corps Training Detachment, was contacting a number of places in the vicinity of Corsicana including compressors, cotton oil mills, oil pump stations, etc., warning them to take all necessary precautions.

His instructions read: "The War Department directs you to instruct all industrial and manufacturing plants in your area to put into effect at once all possible measures to prevent sabotage." Along

included in the list were the gas

plants and water distribution systems.

Aircraft Grounded.

Sheriff Cap Curington was also busy Monday afternoon seeing that anyone in the county seeing anything believed to be of a subversive or unpatriotic nature were urged to contact his office immediately and a checkup will be made.

He pointed out that his department

had been schooled and prepared under the federal agencies and he felt amply prepared for any emergency that may arise.

The sheriff also stated that civilian planes within Navarro County had been grounded and guards have been detailed to the planes' north of Moscow.

German Assaults Checked.

Other German assaults from Mozhaisk, 87 miles west of the capital, and Maloyaroslavets, 65 miles southwest, were declared to have been checked after the Germans had advanced four to seven

Russian ski troops were credited with killing 2,000 Germans, capturing 46 tanks and throwing the Nazi crush into reverse.

In North Africa, the British reported they had gained "some success" in the great battle of tanks and men southeast of Tobruk, and declared that British troops, attacking from their direction, had driven the German forces "definitely on the defensive."

A British spokesman said the original battlefield, between Tobruk and the Egyptian-Libyan frontier, had been virtually cleared of axis troops and that the struggle had shifted to a new theater between El Gobi and El Adem, deeper into the desert.

The Germans, it was said, apparently abandoned the Rezegh area, 100 miles southeast of Tobruk, to concentrate their forces for the new phase of the battle.

Premier Mussolini's high command said sharp fighting raged all day yesterday around El Gobi, desert oasis 40 miles south of Tobruk, and that attacking British troops had been forced to retreat with heavy losses.

ed. Wake Island.

This morning the Japanese attacked Midway Island.

Japan, has therefore, undertaken a surprise offensive extending throughout the Pacific area. The facts of yesterday speak for themselves. The pride of the United States has already founded their opinions and well understand the implications to the very life and safety of our nation.

Orders Defense Measures.

As commander-in-chief of the army and navy, I have directed that all measures be taken for our defense.

Always will be remembered the character of the onslaught against us.

No matter how long it may take us to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people in their righteous might will win through to absolute victory.

I believe I interpret the will of the congress and of the people when I assert that we will not only defend ourselves to the uttermost but will make very certain that this form of treachery shall never again endanger us.

With confidence in our armed forces—with the unbounding determination of our people—we will gain the inevitable triumph—so help us God.

I ask that congress declare that since the unprovoked and dastardly attack by Japan on Sunday, December seventh, a state of war

has existed between the United States and the Japanese empire.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT,

The White House, Dec. 8, 1941.

Judge said, with the American Legion doing most of the work.

Approximately 1,000 Navarro County citizens, strategically located, have signed as volunteer observers. The work has been more or less quietly done, the Judge continued, without much publicity because of a desire not to unnecessarily disturb the people of the county.

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## EUROPEAN WAR

(Continued From Page One)

Soviet front-line dispatches said the Russians had thrown the Nazis back 50 to 75 miles on the Rostov front and reported a violent battle raged along the Mius River north of Taganrog, where the Germans have taken a new stand after their headlong retreat from Rostov-On-Don.

Russian quarters meanwhile estimated that the Germans had only sufficient fuel to carry on big-scale military operations for another eight months.

Heavy fighting continued on the Moscow front, but the Russians declared that their diplomatic functions had been suspended and that the latest German offensive had about run its course. Soviet reports acknowledged that the Nazis had made a slight advance in the Solchegorodsk sector, 31 miles north of Moscow.

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## RED CROSS SEEKS KEEP PARENTS OF TROOPS INFORMED

### EVERY EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO OBTAIN OFFICIAL INFORMATION EARLY

Officials of the local Red Cross chapter report that inquiries, visits and phone calls from parents of Navarro county boys in service in the United States outposts in the Pacific are already being received.

Mrs. R. B. Mitchell, executive secretary, stated Monday that the responsibility of the Red Cross "is to be in contact with voluntary sellers and in accord with the military and naval authorities as a medium of communication between the people of the United States of America and their army and navy" is fully realized by the local chapter, which will do all in its power to establish these communications.

In regard to the official report of war casualties by the war department and Red Cross, Mrs. Mitchell quoted from a letter received recently from national headquarters.

The letter reads, in part: "In case of mishap the navy department must take the time to check with great care the officers and men assigned to the affected vessel and also as to those actually aboard her at the time. If a vessel is damaged in unfriendly waters, her commanding officer will hold radio messages to a minimum in order not to endanger her personnel by disclosing her position to unfriendly craft. If a vessel is sunk, rescuing craft will hold communications to a minimum. Thus it may happen that the navy department itself may not fully inform as to the living, injured or lost until the damaged vessels or rescuing vessels reach port."

Maintains Contact.

National headquarters, through its bureau of naval affairs, maintains constant contact with the navy department, obtains detailed information as soon as it can be released, and promptly communicates with the various chapter heads that each may render whatever service is necessary. Every effort will be made by national headquarters and the states to maintain this important service we are assigned. However, the critical world situation has seriously interrupted normal channels of communication. Chapters should endeavor to make the families realize that the present emergency requires stringent secrecy in the first, and that the war and navy departments are justified in refusing to transmit messages to individual service men, thereby running a chance of endangering the lives of entire ships or convoys."

### FINISHED TRAINING AS AIR MECHANIC; VISITING PARENTS

James E. Hatley, finished his training at the Chanute Field, Ill., base as an air mechanic Saturday and arrived here Sunday night on a furlough until Dec. 26 to visit with his parents, Deputy Sheriff and Mrs. B. V. Hatley. He graduated from Rich high school in 1938.

Mr. Hatley has been ordered to report for active duty at the Victoria U. S. Army air port at the conclusion of the furlough, unless he is called earlier.

### THE WAR TODAY

(Continued from page One) tory land force for the Middle East before long. What effect will America's engagement in the Orient have on the European conflict? It may prove to be a blessing in disguise for the allies, as previously remarked in this column. Preservation of Russia has become vital for the allied cause, and it may easily be that the United States could make no greater contribution than to keep the Japanese off the Soviet back. Anyway, the Japs have got to be dealt with.

One suspects that we have got to hear some harsh news before many hours. We already know that some of our fighting men and civilians have been killed, and the enemy is claiming heavy blows against our navy.

That is war and we must steel ourselves to face it.

## HEALTH, BEAUTY AND POISE

HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR PERSONALITY  
BY VERONICA DENGEL

THE NEW DINNER DRESSES



Short sleeved frocks are in vogue

Brothers studio. This is always good test for an actress—when she is well liked around her own lot.

Even her clothes, which are so beautifully designed by Eddie Head to fit her, are not Scott's quiet personality, have an air of elegance and reserve about them without being in the least out of fashion.

The frock she is wearing, in the picture, is a lovely dinner dress in the new short-sleeved, black skirted mode. It is a soft black crepe, made festive by the addition of colorful embroidery which outlined the deep armhole and neckline. The length—which I do wish you could have seen—

Have something you don't need? Try a Want Ad and convert it into cash. Just phone 163.

### SUNFLOWER STREET

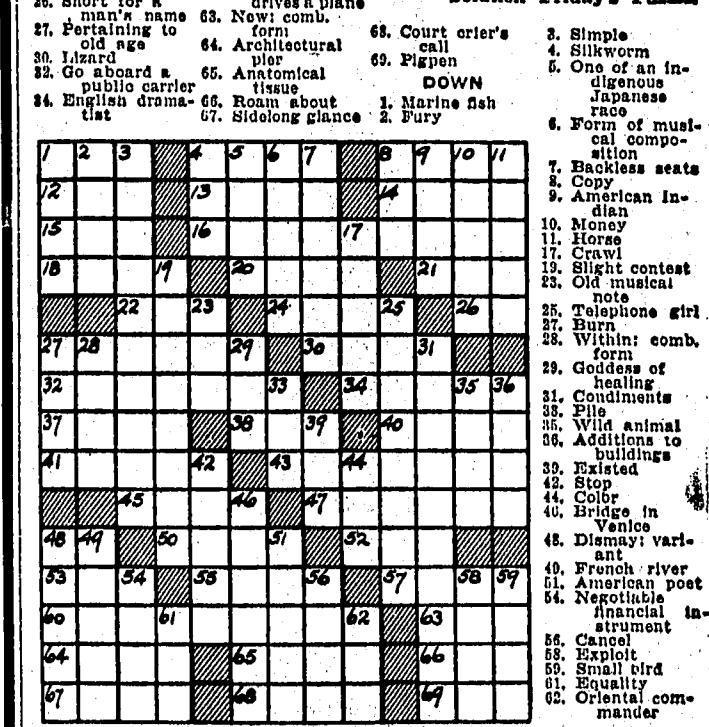
By Tom Little and Tom Blane



### CROSSWORD PUZZLE

1. Metalliferous	37. First man	58. STOP AMP
2. Spikes of corn	38. Uncooked	59. TEA ERIA NOR
4. Troubles	40. Bird	60. DRAMATIST ARE
5. Churn	41. Dewy	61. ATAR PEEP AL
6. Disturbance of the peace	42. Sunshine	62. IT MOO NORIA
7. The peace	43. Surgical threads	63. PLAINITIVE TEE
8. Protrude the lips	44. Exist	64. GNAW EVOE
9. Embroid	45. Normal covering of the head	65. THY BINNACLES
10. Wild flower	46. Put on	66. READ TIE ALSO
11. Folds over and	47. But open ves-	67. EARED PRE TT
12. Scent	48. Set	68. AT LEAP MAGI
13. Place out	49. Uttered	69. CHI PRELUSIVE
14. Build out sub-	50. Break	70. LED TIRE ERAL
15. Cut	51. The which	71. ERS HAST ALLY
16. Short for a man's name	52. New comb.	
17. Proliferating to old age	53. Form	
18. Go aboard a public carrier	54. Anatomical tissue	
19. English dramatist	55. Bright	
20. Short for a man's name	56. Side-long glance	
21. Anger	57. Sidelong glance	
22. Place out	58. Court icer's	
23. Build out sub-	59. Pigeon	
24. Cut	60. DOWN	
25. Short for a man's name	61. Marine fish	
26. Proliferating to old age	62. Fury	
27. Go aboard a public carrier	63. Simple	
28. English dramatist	64. Silkworm	
29. Short for a man's name	65. Old an-	
30. Anger	66. Japanese	
31. Place out	67. race	
32. Build out sub-	68. Form of musi-	
33. Cut	69. composition	
34. Short for a man's name	70. Backless seats	
35. Proliferating to old age	71. Condoms	
36. Go aboard a public carrier	72. Old	
37. English dramatist	73. Slight contest	
38. Short for a man's name	74. Old musical note	
39. Anger	75. Telephone girl	
40. Place out	76. Burn	
41. Build out sub-	77. Within: comb.	
42. Cut	78. Form	
43. Short for a man's name	79. Gout	
44. Proliferating to old age	80. Gouty	
45. Go aboard a public carrier	81. Confinement	
46. English dramatist	82. Old	
47. Short for a man's name	83. Old	
48. Anger	84. Old	
49. Place out	85. Old	
50. Build out sub-	86. Old	
51. Cut	87. Old	
52. Short for a man's name	88. Old	
53. Anger	89. Old	
54. Place out	90. Old	
55. Build out sub-	91. Old	
56. Cut	92. Old	
57. Short for a man's name	93. Old	
58. Anger	94. Old	
59. Place out	95. Old	
60. Build out sub-	96. Old	
61. Cut	97. Old	
62. Short for a man's name	98. Old	
63. Anger	99. Old	
64. Place out	100. Old	
65. Build out sub-	101. Old	
66. Cut	102. Old	
67. Short for a man's name	103. Old	

### SOLUTION FRIDAY'S PUZZLE

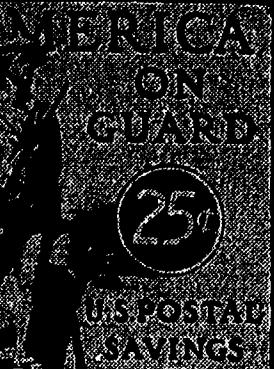


## HOSPITAL BOARD DISCUSSES PLANS FOR NURSES' HOME

It is important. It is the new and attractive length for cocktail and semi-formal dinner occasions. They call it "mid-calf" and that is just where it ends. Others are

Martha Scott is one of my favorite actresses. She is quite unassuming in her manner, soft-spoken and charming—and a great favorite around the Warner

## BUY NOW!



## KERENS HOME DEFENSE GUARD INSPECTED BY BATTALION OFFICERS

Plans for the moving of the nurses from quarters in the main hospital to the nurses home, formerly occupied by the resident NYA center as soon as the project is closed Wednesday, were discussed by the Navarro County hospital board Sunday afternoon at the P. and S. Hospital. An application for another NYA girls project for the hospital was authorized.

Collections for November were listed at \$1,887.27, with expenses allowed at \$2,225.41.

Hospital charity was \$595.28 while that of physicians was listed at \$702. There were seventy-one patients, including fourteen for charity, while twenty-eight received emergency and other treatment but were not admitted to the hospital.

The board declined to allow the first floor of the nurses home for use as headquarters for city-sponsored homemaking WPA project, in the event the staff of nurses are moved into the home from their present quarters on the second floor of the main hospital and from private quarters maintained in town.

Break In First Aid Course.

KERENS, Dec. 8.—(Special).—The free first aid course which has been in progress several weeks, will not be held again until after the Christmas holidays. Regular time and place will be resumed on Tuesday, Jan. 6.

Easy, Convenient, Cheap—Just Phone your Want Ad to 163.

## BRINGING UP FATHER



## BUY SCOUT'S ACTIVE IN CAMPAIGN FOR AIDING OF NEEDY

The Boy Scouts were active Saturday in every section of the city, distributing "Bundie Day" bags to the homes of Corsicana's citizens who want to help the United Charities clothe some of our needy people. About 500 homes accepted the bags to be filled during the week with discarded clothing and shoes. Next Saturday morning the Scouts will call again to gather the bags for the United Charities.

If your home would like to help and did not receive a bag, save your clothing and call the United Charities. A Scout will call at your home next Saturday so that they will be added to the hundreds of other contributions from Corsican's homes. Your help will be appreciated this winter by our less fortunate people.

The Scout District Court of Honor will be held Friday night at the First Baptist church. Scouts will receive the awards of rank they have earned recently and about thirty leaders of Scouting and Cubbing will receive certificates for the completion of leadership in training courses. L. K. Carraway, chairman of the advancement committee will preside.

On Monday night, Dec. 8, at 7:30 p. m. a chili supper will be enjoyed by the men at headquarters.

Any man or boy over 17 years old is urged to be present and to join the organization.

Completed, although progress is rapid. Those who have not been contacted by any of the committees, may leave their deposit at the First National Bank, or with any of the following workers: Miss Louise

Bliss, Mrs. A. R. Carroll, Mrs. Jack Bile, Mrs. W. F. Ingram, Mrs. Monroe Speed, R. P. Walker, G. H. Wilkinson.

Have something you don't need? Try a Want Ad and convert it into cash. Just phone 163.

THIS AND THAT



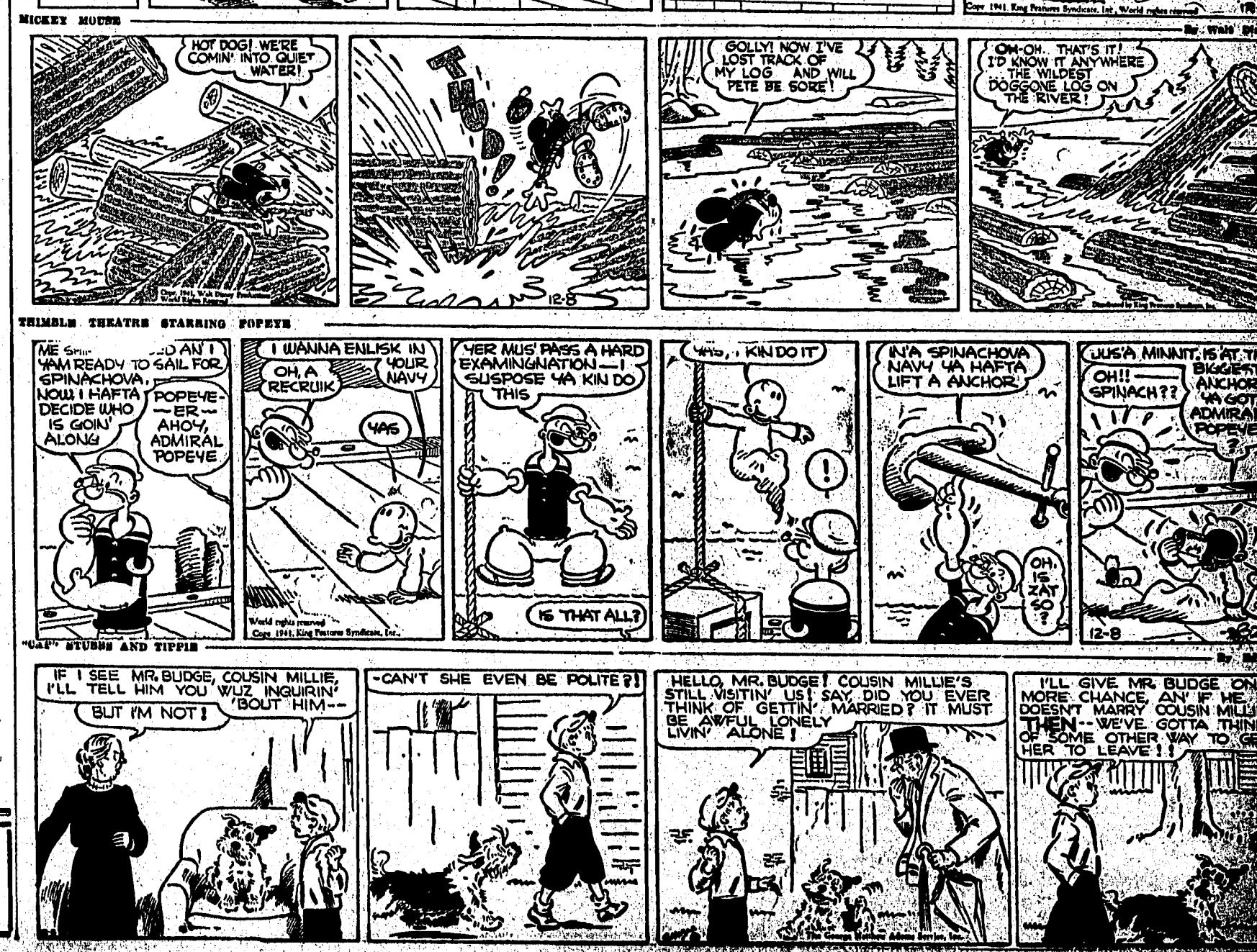
The George McManus Adams Service, Inc.

"This is the trickiest hole of the entire eighteen."

By George McManus



By George McManus



By George McManus

## WATCH—CLOCK—JEWELRY REPAIRING

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

G. D. RHOADS, Jeweler

## NEWS FLASHES

### DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN

Wendell Willkie again rises in the interest of freedom as he undertakes fearless defense of acknowledged Red. Since his defeat Willkie has expressed the true American conviction that politics are personal and liberty universal.

Act now in defense of good health. See your physician for a complete check-up; then follow his instructions.

## JOHNSON'S Prescription PHARMACY

PHONE 56 FREE FAST DELIVERY.



Final Week Of The Season's Greatest Bargain Event!

Celebrating A Flight of Values

44TH. ANNIVERSARY

Celebrating the Birthday of the  
Store that Values Built!

Purchases of 98c or  
more, beautifully  
Gift-wrapped  
FREE!

PRE-  
HOLIDAY Sale

First Time At  
This Price!

Chenille  
Robes

A widely famous hit at regular price. Full-cut, sweeping skirt. It's a best seller even at regular \$3.98. Luscious colors of rose, blue, wine...in deep-pile, velvety chenille.

12 to 20. Buy for yourself...and for Christmas!

**\$2.98**



Gift Lingerie

LUXURIOUS

Chenille Robes

Rich, multi-colored baby chenille. Slenderized lines, flared skirts, trim-tie waist, broad shoulders, heavy chenille slim fitted and smart. Mulberry, dusty rose, royal blue, red, Sizes 12 to 20. Tearose, shell pink, white.

**\$4.88**

FLORAL PRINTED  
ENSEMBLE

Robe and  
Gown

The gown is fashioned with fitted bodice, shirred shoulders, long lines, matches the robe in its printed motif. Dawn blue or wine. Sizes 32 to 40

**\$4.66**



LOVELY NEW!  
RAYON  
LINGERIE

- PANTIES
- BRIEFS
- STEP-INS
- BLOOMERS

In better quality, plain and novelty knit. Full cut. Small, medium, large sizes. A big selection to choose from at—

**39c**

CHOOSE NOW FOR  
CHRISTMAS!



Shoulderettes And  
Bed Jackets

Pompadour weave and brushed rayon in a lacy shoulderette. Full-size, flattering, comfortable. Tearose, pink, blue, orchid, chinchilla, copen, rose and black. A size for everyone.

**94c** ea.



NYLON HOSE

In both 2-thread and 3-thread weights with re-inforced toe and top.

NEWEST FALL SHADES  
Sizes 8½ to 10½.

This quality is sold in most stores for \$1.95, so come prepared to buy your season's requirements at this low Anniversary price.

SOLD IN MOST STORES  
FOR \$1.95!

**\$1.44**  
pr.



MATCH YOUR OWN TOWEL SETS

TEXTURE TOWELS

Solid Pastels. Regular 49c Cannon TURKISH TOWELS. Solid pastels, all of first quality construction! Heavy and absorbent. Sizes 22x44, in peach, maize, azure, and turquoise.

**39c**

CANNON'S WASH CLOTHS

Solids, texture types and novelty type cloths. Many match the towels above. Each—

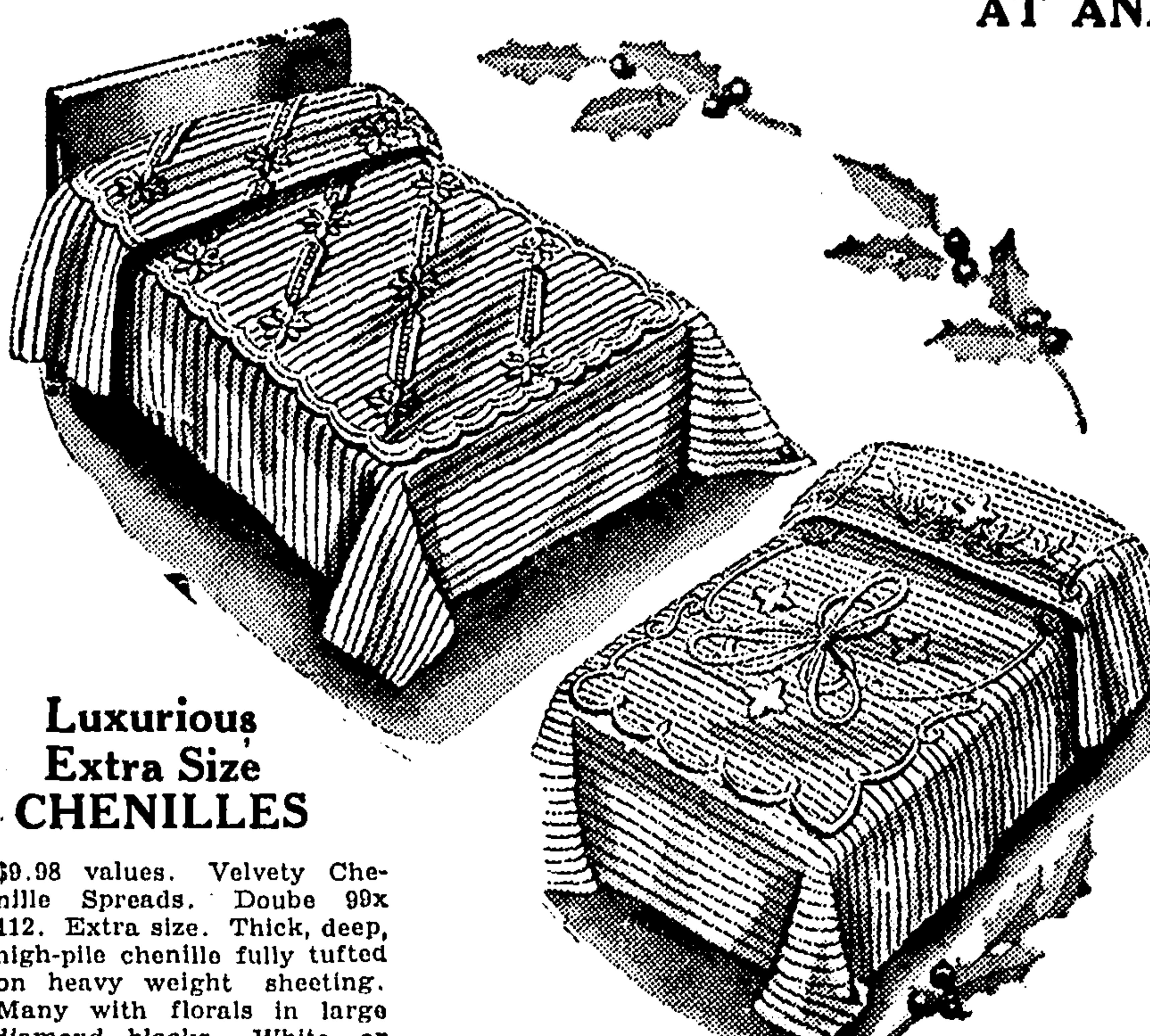
**5c**

Hundreds of LOVELY, NEW CHENILLE SPREADS  
AT ANNIVERSARY SAVINGS!

Big, Beautiful  
Chenille  
SPREADS

Absolutely \$3.95 values! Tufted on fast color pastel grounds or snowy white grounds. Generous Chenille Luxury and appearance far beyond the low price. Full size—87x108-inches. Beautifully made. What a price!

**\$2.84**



Luxurious  
Extra Size  
CHENILLES

\$0.98 values. Velvety Chenille Spreads. Double 99x112. Extra size. Thick, deep, high-pile chenille fully tufted on heavy weight sheeting. Many with florals in large diamond blocks. White or pastel colors.

**\$7.84**

Beautifully  
Gift Wrapped  
FREE!

Regular \$6.98  
Chenille  
SPREADS

Baby Chenille Spread of newest styles. Double 99x12-inches. Extra size. Also brightly colored bows and streamers with brilliant flower bouquets for additional life. Choice of colors.

**\$4.94**

A Lucky Purchase of Exquisite "Scranton"  
LACE TABLE CLOTHS



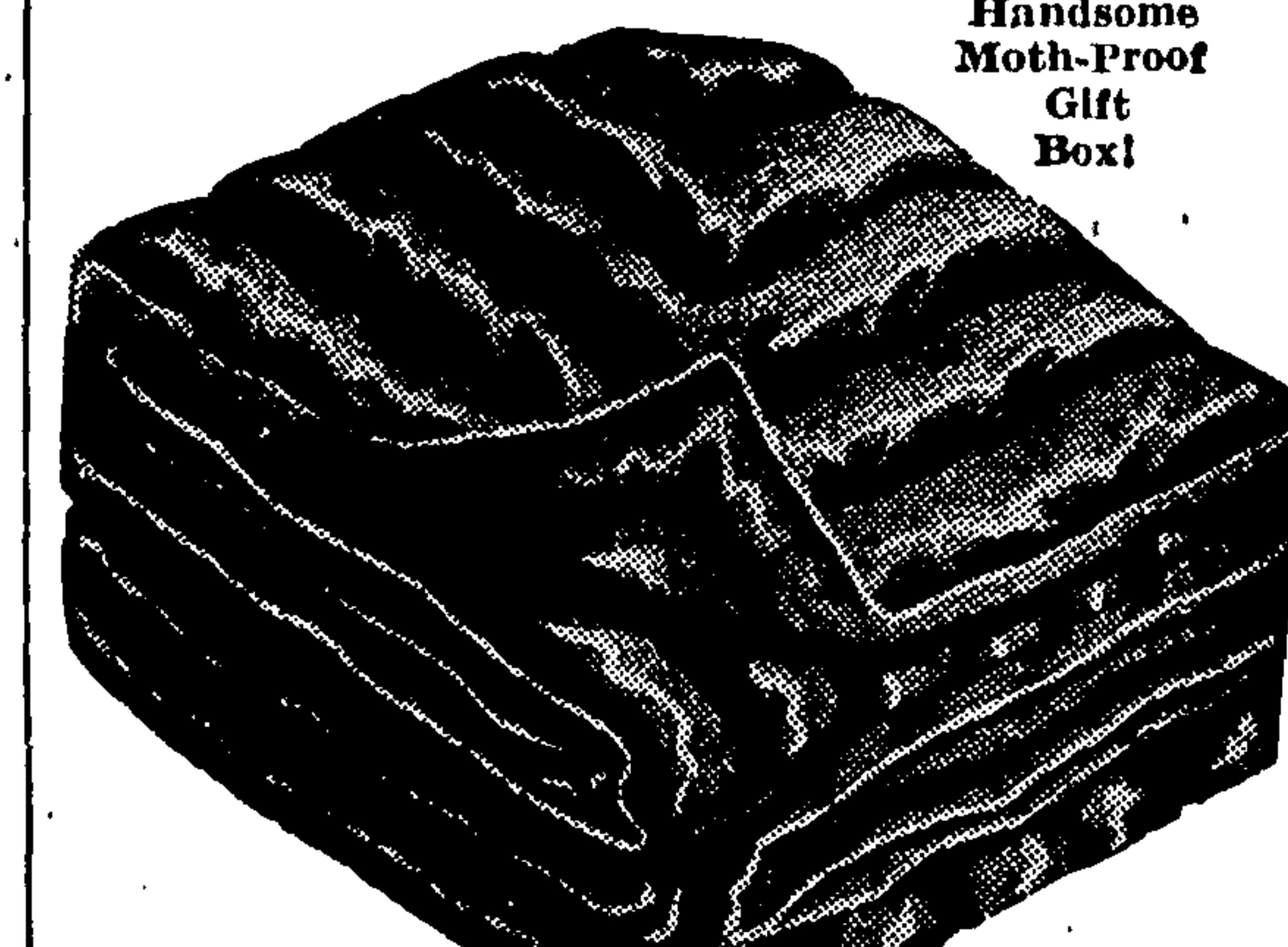
In Handsome Gift Boxes

Buy for Xmas	\$2.49 Values <b>\$1.79</b>
	\$3.49 Values <b>\$2.88</b>
	\$4.48 Values <b>\$4.44</b>

A lucky purchase makes this value possible. Here's a value for particular homemakers. Exquisite Scranton cloths...made as only Scranton can make them! Many lovely patterns from which to choose...in soft, dark or popular colors.

LOVELY, LIGHT WARMTH!  
DOWN FILLED  
COMFORTERS

Each packed in  
Handsome  
Moth-Proof  
Gift  
Box!



**\$14.98**

Made of Celanese Rayon Satin, 72x84. A \$19.75 value. Luxurious comfort in this exquisite airtight comforter. The filling is soft, warm down...moth free! Quilted pattern...worked out in a flower and ribbon design on a diamond center that gives a smocked effect. Full size 72x84-inches. Buy now...and SAVE!

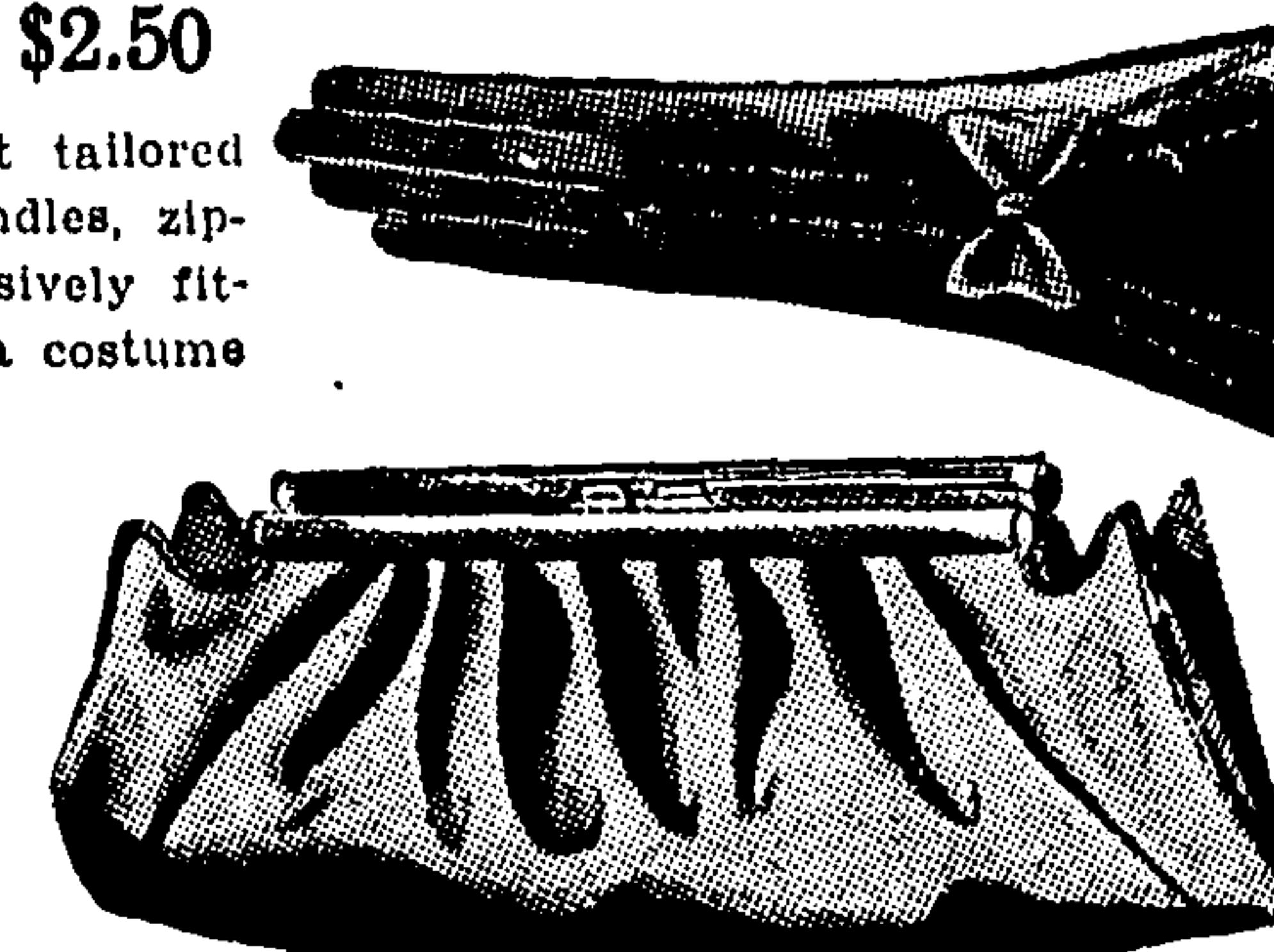
Others ..... \$8.80 to \$19.90

NEW ACCESSORIES MAKE SWELL CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

NEW FALL BAGS  
BIG VALUES TO \$2.50

Soft dressmaker shapes, strict tailored models, top handles, strap handles, zipper closings—every one expensively fitted and detailed. Every one a costume inspiration...Leathers, fabrics.

**\$1.79**



NOVELTY GLOVES OF FABRIC

Buy nationally advertised gloves at a tremendous savings. Tailored slippers and novelty types. All approved Fall colors: Brown, navy, wine, rust, black and two-tone combinations. Regular values to \$1.50.

**89c**

4-BUTTON SLIP-ON  
GLOVES

The slip-on glove you wear most...in smart combinations. Brown, black and assorted bright colors. Made to sell for \$2.50. All sizes!

**\$1.94**